

RUSSELL-BISSELL.

Married at Six O'clock Thursday Evening.

A BEAUTIFUL WEDDING.

The Ceremony was Performed by the Rev. C. M. Roberts—Handsome Decorations and Beautiful Toilettes—Out of Town Guests.

The marriage of Miss Harriet M. Russell and Maurice R. Bissell took place at the Russell residence, 25 Prospect street on Thursday evening at 6 o'clock, in the presence of more than 250 guests. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. C. M. Roberts, rector of St. Timothy's church, in the bay window of the front drawing room to which the bridal party advanced from the library through an aisle of white satin ribbon unwound by two of the ushers. The bride entered on the arm of her brother, Warren E. Russell; the maid of honor, Miss Laura Russell, with the best man, Robert G. Nelson, of Toledo. The Lohengrin wedding march was played by the Canton Orchestral Club, which was stationed in the upper hall. The ushers were George Culver, Per Lee Hunt and Arvine Wales. The bride's gown was of heavy ivory satin trimmed with rare point lace. She wore a veil and orange blossoms and carried a bouquet of orchids and lilies of the valley. Her only ornament was a pin of pearls and diamonds, the gift of the groom. The maid of honor wore a gown of white net over white silk and carried pink roses. Mrs. Ellen M. Russell, the bride's mother, wore a handsome gown of gray crepe and black lace; Mrs. Sarah A. Bissell, mother of the groom, gray satin and black duchesse lace; Miss Bissell, the groom's sister, was gowned in white mousseline de soie; Mrs. Frederick Bissell in pink satin and white lace. Many other handsome toilettes were in evidence.

The decorations, which were in charge of Gasser, a Cleveland florist, were extremely beautiful. Large sprays of southern holly covered the walls, asparagus fern trimmed the chandeliers, and masses of gorgeous chrysanthemums and American Beauty roses were banked upon the mantels and in other places. Supper was served in the dining room from a table, the centerpiece of which was formed of pink roses. As the bride ascended the staircase after supper she threw her bouquet to the waiting crowd of young women below. It was caught by Miss Lida Bayliss. Quantities of rice were showered upon the happy pair as they left the house at 8 o'clock. Mrs. Bissell's traveling gown was of dark blue broad cloth with hat to match. The honeymoon will be spent at Old Point Comfort.

The presents, displayed in a room upstairs, were magnificent, including solid silver vegetable dishes, soup tureens, bread trays and various other pieces belonging to a dinner service. A dozen silver spoons were the gift of A. J. Sprague, president of the Massillon Bridge Company, of which Mr. Bissell is an employee. There was also much cut glass, rare china, handsome pictures and pieces of bric-a-brac. Mr. and Mrs. Bissell will be absent about ten days. They will go to housekeeping in the residence known as the Harding property, on the corner of East Oak and McLain streets.

Among the out of town guests at the wedding were Mrs. Sarah A. Bissell, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Bissell, Miss Charlotte Bissell, Miss Cornelia Bissell, Mrs. S. M. Knapp and Robert G. Nelson, of Toledo; Mrs. Louis K. McClymonds, of New York; Miss Louise Jarvis, of Tampa, Fla.; the Misses Lillian and Laura Bowen, of Paris, France, who are visiting Miss Mary Harter, of Canton; Miss Harriet Lewis, of Thompson, Conn.; General Knapp, of Washington, D. C., and twenty guests from Canton.

BURGLARY IN THIRD STREET.

"Wally" Snyder Loses a Gold Watch, Chain and Locket.

When Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Snyder arose this morning they discovered that their house, in Third street, had been entered by burglars during the night. Mr. Snyder was the first to make the discovery, because the clothes he had taken off on retiring had disappeared, but were found later in the back yard, with the pockets filled of their contents, consisting of a small amount of money, a gold watch and chain and a valuable gold locket. Nothing else was taken, though the thief or thieves passed close by a sideboard on which were numerous articles well worth carrying off, and it is this feature of the case which leads Mr. Snyder to believe that the burglars were frightened in some manner and left in haste.

The watch is an Elgin movement, No. 3,102,264, gold case, engine turned, No. 1,423,845; the chain is of gold, double strand, and the marks of where it was broken and soldered will easily lead to its identification. The gold locket has a monogram, "W. E. S.," on one side, and contains the pictures of a lady and child. The police were at once notified of the burglary, and officers of neighboring towns have been notified to watch for the thieves.

WANTED—2,000 cords of cord and slab wood at the glass works, Massillon, O.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Mrs. William Kester Meets a Horrible Death Wednesday Evening.

OSNABURG, Oct. 26.—Mrs. William Kester, aged 50 years, was burned to death at this place Wednesday evening. Neighbors discovered a fire in the house at about 10 o'clock in the evening. Looking through the window they saw Mrs. Kester in the corner of a room wrapped in flames. An entrance was forced, but burning curtains and draperies forced the rescuers back, when the unfortunate woman was almost within reach of their hands. After the fire was extinguished Mrs. Kester was found where she had managed to drag herself. She lived but a few moments. How the fire originated is a mystery.

JOHN M. WALKER.

Sudden Death of a Prominent Massillonian.

HAD BEEN IN POOR HEALTH

After Making an Evening Call, He Retires as Well as Usual, and is Found in a Dying Condition—A Brief Sketch of His Long and Useful Life.

John M. Walker, one of Massillon's most prominent citizens, died suddenly at 1 o'clock this morning. Accompanied by Mrs. Walker, he had spent the evening making a call at the Crawford residence, in East Main street, and although he had been in ill health for the past two years, seemed no worse than usual on retiring for the evening. Mrs. Walker was awakened by groans shortly before 1 o'clock and discovered her husband in a dying condition. Dr. T. J. Reed was summoned, but life had departed before his arrival. Death is believed to have been due to some disorder of the heart.

John M. Walker was born September 27, 1844, on a farm near Newman, northwest of this city. His early life was spent with his parents at the place of his birth. At the outbreak of the civil war he was one of the first to respond to his country's call for defenders, enlisting in Company I, Seventy-sixth O. V. I., and serving until the expiration of his term of enlistment, in 1864. During his military career Mr. Walker saw the hardest of service. Securing his discharge, he returned to Massillon, where, shortly afterward, he was married to Miss Laura Rudolph, who survives him. For a short time after their marriage, Mr. and Mrs. Walker resided in Akron, where the former worked at the carpenter trade.

Returning to Massillon in the seventies, Mr. Walker opened a wall paper and paint store in North Erie street, which he conducted until two years ago, when ill health compelled him to retire from business life. He was prominent in local Republican circles, and at a recent meeting of old soldiers of Massillon and vicinity had been recommended to President McKinley for appointment as postmaster in this city. Besides being a member of Hart Post, G. A. R., Mr. Walker was also connected with the Royal Arcanum.

THEY SHOT QUAIL.

Charges Conferred Against Alleged Violators of Game Law.

Eugene Vernon, of Middlebranch, and Patrick McLinden and William Wright, of Canton, were arrested Wednesday evening by Constables Bamberger, of this city, and Wielandt, of Canton, on charges of shooting quail out of season, preferred by Game Warden Dangleisen. It is alleged that Vernon had a covey of quail on his place, and invited Messrs. McLinden and Wright to help shoot them. Vernon gave \$50 bond for his appearance in Justice Sibley's court Friday morning. McLinden was unable to give bond and will await his trial in jail.

Wright pleaded guilty and was fined \$25 and costs.

VERDICT FOR \$5,000.

Medina County Jury Renders a Verdict in a Noted Case.

In the Medina county court of common pleas yesterday, a verdict of \$5,000 was awarded to the plaintiff by the jury in the case of Sylvester Burd vs. the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Railway Company. The plaintiff, as administrator, sued for \$10,000 for the death of Engineer Whitman, who was killed April 15, 1895. This is the third time the case has been tried.

FROM NEARBY TOWNS.

STANWOOD NOTES.
STANWOOD, Oct. 26.—Stanwood is enjoying Indian summer.

The Rev. C. E. Stoner, of Basil, O., held services at this place last Sunday at 2 p. m.

Miss Lottie Stoner is very ill with typhoid fever.

Andrew Hanely and wife, of Defiance county, are visiting old friends in this locality.

Miss Pearl Harper, of Pleasant Valley, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Shilling.

O. E. Oberlin is building an addition to his house.

Men's satin calf shoes, lace and congress, \$1 a pair. D. T. Frank & Co.

A GREAT RALLY.

Taylor and Nevin at the Armory

HOYT WAS NOT PRESENT.

Enthusiastic Thousands from This City and Neighboring Towns Listened to the Speakers' Admirable Exposition of the Issues of the Day.

The eagle shrieked and flapped his wings, the Canal Fulton band played inspiring and patriotic airs, a steady stream of humanity wended its way to the Armory, Congressman Taylor and Robert M. Nevin there handled the great issues of the day as they alone could handle them, enthusiasm knew no bounds—everything connected with Friday evening's great rally presaged a glorious Republican victory the first week of November.

The Canal Fulton band and delegation arrived in the city at 7 o'clock. Long before, however, inhabitants of the roundabout country had flocked to town and thronged the streets. It was but a matter of a few moments before the Armory was taxed to its utmost seating capacity. The band, under the leadership of Oscar Puegner, of Massillon, opened the exercises with several well received selections. Chairman Robert H. Day, Messrs. Taylor and Nevin and the vice presidents of the evening then filed out upon the stage. A confusion of dates, for which the state committee is responsible, prevented Mr. Hoyt's presence.

The outburst of applause which greeted Chairman Day, as he arose to present the first speaker of the evening, attested the popularity of Stark county's next prosecuting attorney among his fellow citizens of the west end. In a short address, Mr. Day reverted to the vital importance of this year's campaign, especially in Stark county, made a short comparison of prevalent conditions with those of four years ago, and closed with a plea to voters for the endorsement of the administration's policy. He then presented Congressman R. W. Taylor, McKinley's worthy successor in the Eighteenth congressional district.

As to the importance of the present campaign Mr. Taylor reiterated Mr. Day's statement of but a moment before. He spoke of the proverbial carelessness of the American people, citing the election of 1892 as an example, and expressed a hope that in this year, when the issues are so important, that they will do their duty seriously and solemnly. Mr. Taylor continued in part:

"A party is organized for the legislation and control of the machinery of government. The various parties differ in vital principles. For instance, the Republican party believes in a protective tariff, the Democratic party, the contrary. If true prosperity cannot be obtained by free trade, every voter knows his duty. If true prosperity cannot be obtained by a protective tariff, then the Republican party must not be in power. The great question is, 'Does that which the Democratic party stands for, stand for the good of the country?' If you think so now do you know it? A party cannot be judged by its promises or pledges—its past record must speak for it, and this applies with full force to Democracy.

"The Democratic party is proverbially a party of the poor, it waits for the poor, it rails against the rich, it charges them with grinding with their heels the neck of labor, and what a worthy climax-like Mohammedans to Mecca, they flock to Zanesville and nominate, on the first ballot, John R. McLean for governor. Why did they do it? There is not a Democratic paper in the state of Ohio that has not, in the past twenty years, as often as it has called McKinley a 'jellyfish,' charged McLean with selling out his party in every campaign. Yet he is accepted without as much as a wince.

"Facts are what count in this campaign. In 1892, under the McKinley law, prosperity, employed labor, regular wages, peace, plenty and happiness ruled over the land. Then came a change. The Wilson law went into force, and for three or four years this country experienced more suffering than it did in the war of the rebellion. Something undoubtedly was wrong, but it was not free silver. Our Democratic friends had a new nostrum. Free silver was the cause of our ills. But they brought it up in the midst of Republican prosperity, and the American people acted accordingly.

"A word about the trust question. Taking into account all their iniquities, even should they be ten times blacker than painted, they would be infinitely preferable to a Democratic tariff law. American valor and courage and manhood have planted the American flag on the island of Luzon, and never, while the Republican party lives, will it be taken down until all in the island acknowledge its authority. If it did the nation would be dishonored in the eyes of the world. It would have shirked its responsibilities and never could have been justified before the bar of history.

"And why should not the Republican party be stronger than ever today? Why should it not more than ever appeal to the judgment of every American? The very winds that blow speak for it. The breeze that wafts to our ears the sound of turning wheels proclaims its virtues; the smoke that blackens the sky by day,

and the fires that illumine it by night are mute witnesses more eloquent than human tongues. The happy glow that shines upon the family hearthstone declares it: the smiles of happy wives and the ruddy hue of health upon the cheek of childhood give a new impulse to life and a new hope to the heart, and proclaim that Republican prosperity is here.

"And what is it that appeals for Democracy? Think, my friends, what it is. Dradened hope and paralyzed endeavor, silent wheels and smokeless chimneys are the evidences of Democracy's rule and are its promised results now. Whatever of good the Democratic party may have stood for in the past, if it stands for anything hopeful or ennobling now I do not know it. It stands for reaction and retrogression. It stands for a dishonored country and a dishonored flag. It stands for the enemies and not for the friends of our country. Every bullet that sings from the muzzle of a Filipino rifle sings the song of Democracy; every shell that bursts over brave Americans in Luzon shouts victory for Democracy; every bullet that pierces the heart of an American soldier carries with it a prayer for Democratic success; and every pious Filipino who follows Aguinaldo, when he prays his God, by royal proclamation must pray for a Democratic victory. Oh! this is an inspiring ally and a patriotic impulse. Aguinaldo and Bryan, these are the twin gods of the Tagals, and they drink their health together."

MR. NEVIN'S SPEECH.

Robert Nevin was next presented by Mr. Day. He had never been heard by a Massillon audience, but his reputation had preceded him, and he received an ovation equal to Congressman Taylor's. Mr. Nevin has a magnificent bearing, and his plain, outspoken language and sparkling wit took the audience by storm. Frequently during the course of his address, when it seemed probable that he would come to a close, he was greeted with cries of "Go on." Mr. Nevin said that as Congressman Taylor had presented all the issues and in such a thorough way that the only thing that remained for him to do was to abuse the Democratic party. However, he said it was against his policy to kick a man when he was down, but on the contrary he wished to congratulate the Democratic party on its lucky escape in 1896.

"They say they are in line with Lincoln and Grant and all other great men," said Mr. Nevin. "Well, I'm glad to hear that they've caught up with the dead, at any rate, but the hard fact remains that they're just ten miles and a hundred years behind the living. In ten years perhaps we'll see them falling in line with McKinley, in fifteen with Foraker, and, no doubt, twenty years will see them file in behind Mark Hanna.

"It wouldn't do to say that the Republican party is always right, but it is true that the Democrats are always wrong. Statistics show that during Cleveland's administration the trade balance was against us in the sum of \$800,000,000. The McKinley administration, on that part that has passed, with the attendant turning of wheels in the opposite directions, with the turning of the hands of the clock forward instead of backward, is marked by a balance of \$1,200,000,000 in our favor."

Mr. Nevin touched on the various planks of the Democratic platform, his remarks on that plank which condemns the frequent mention of colored men, meeting with hearty approval from Robert Hammond, who occupied a seat near the front of the hall. His discussion of the trust question was a masterful one, and his presentation of the true side of the question was greeted with storms of applause. The speaker closed with an eloquent eulogy on the American soldier, and an exhortation to the younger voters to stand by flag and country.

ANOTHER MEETING.

The Republicans Will Rally Next Saturday Evening.

A meeting of unusual interest to the workmen of this city and surrounding country will be held at the Armory next Saturday evening, when the Hon. David Ross, of Illinois, and M. D. Ratchford, of this city, will deliver speeches. Mr. Ross is widely known as an eloquent and forcible speaker, and Mr. Ratchford is too well known here to need an introduction. The latter's address will be of special interest to laboring men, all of whom, irrespective of party affiliations, should hear him discuss the issues of vital importance to the workmen of this country.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING.

Arrangements Made for One to be Held Wednesday Evening.

Massillon Democrats have completed arrangements for a meeting to be held Wednesday evening. W. H. Dow, candidate for attorney general, Dewitt C. DeWitt, of Pennsylvania, and John McBride will be the speakers. The exercises will be held in Bucher's opera house.

Dr. H. H. Haden, Summit, Ala., says, "I think Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is a splendid medicine. I prescribe it, and my confidence in it grows with continued use." It digests what you eat, and quickly cures dyspepsia and indigestion. Rider & Snyder and Chas. W. Cupples.

No matter how long you have had the cough; if it has not already developed into consumption, Dr. Fowler's Norway Pine Syrup will cure it.

The Banner Pile Cure Is Banner Salve. It gives immediate relief and will soon effect a cure. 25c. Rider & Snyder.

AMERICANS ABROAD.

With Wagnerites at Bayreuth's "Festspiel."

THE OPERA OF "PARSIFAL."

The Music is Wonderful, Soul-moving, but the Libretto is Not Uplifting—Arrangements Made by the "Master" for the Presentation of His Masterpiece.

MARSEILLES, Oct. 6.—We arrived in Bayreuth for the "Festspiel" in the midst of a summerdownpour. All country towns look alike in wet weather, and Bayreuth was no exception to the rule. Furthermore, we had been shifted about in a most unaccountable manner coming up from Nuremberg, had been obliged to lunch upon beer and cold sausages served in brown paper, and were generally uncomfortable. For all that, however, those who had come to worship at the shrine of art approached the holy ground with emotion volubly expressed. "Hienstmen" rushed madly about as the train rolled in, one horse "droskies" behind the station exhibited signs of intense animation, vendors of souvenir grails, post-cards, photographs, librettos and "butter-buds" put themselves plainly before the public. Several persons were so surcharged with emotion that they stopped to describe their feelings on post cards before leaving the station, and then walked into town, as others less intense had secured all the carriages.

We reached the apartments assigned to us and approved of them. They constituted the "best rooms" of the schoolmaster's home, and were clean to a degree of aggressiveness that was almost oppressive. A genial looking stove reaching to the ceiling occupied a corner in one room, built of tiles, and contained cavernous compartments the precise purpose of which was not quite plain. There were feather beds under the beds and on top of the beds, and pictures and mottoes of a pious character on the walls, and when we left to go to the "spiel haus" the schoolmaster gave us a key containing perhaps a pound of metal, which showed that he had perfect confidence in our intentions. That evening we had a late supper at the "Lohengrin" restaurant or some other sort of a Wagnerian institution instead of asking the schoolmaster's wife to prepare one for us, and we wished afterward we had not done so, for it was very bad, and in the morning the schoolmaster's daughter served our coffee and it was hot and good. We left that home of modest good cheer and contentment with sentiments of great satisfaction.

There are one or two small and wretched hotels in Bayreuth, which is a town of only twenty-four thousand inhabitants, and to accommodate the thousands who arrive during the opera season residents throw open their doors. A local committee makes the assignments, which wise people like ourselves arrange for in advance. By so doing you receive a card telling you just where to go, and what you must pay, this feature is looked after with much conscientiousness. It is hardly worth while to explain that the opera season at Bayreuth is a dual event organized by the widow and son of Richard Wagner, and is regarded as the greatest European musical event of every year. No artist feels quite sure of his powers as a Wagnerian interpreter until he has appeared at Bayreuth, and consequently the singers receive little more than honor for their work. There is one celebrated singer, the wife of a distinguished Norwegian army officer, who never sings anywhere but at Bayreuth in opera, her family considering that her social position does not permit her to do so. Even in Christiania she appears only in concert. Then there is an amount of faithfulness with which everything is done at Bayreuth, and a control over the disorders usually incident to the assembling of large audiences, that makes the performances more perfect in detail than elsewhere.

We had procured our seats some months before our arrival, but my advice to any inquiring mind would be to endeavor to purchase them at last a year in advance, by writing directly to the manager of the enterprise, Mr. A. Von Cross. The seats cost 20 marks each, or five dollars in American money. The price is uniform, and there is really very little difference in the relative desirability of the seats.

The theatre was built in 1876 after Wagner's own suggestions, and is extremely bare and simple. There are 1,650 seats, rising tier after tier, each one exactly like the other, and the only reserved portions of the house are half a dozen boxes across the entire rear end of the auditorium, where Frau Wagner and her family sit and are looked at. There is comparatively little looking done at Bayreuth, and that little is rather unprofitable. In the Wagnerian democracy everybody wears what suits one best, blouses, bicycle costumes or anything else. We saw evening clothes, smoking jackets, frock coats and these ubiquitous German outing suits of green cloth with plants up the back and front. There were a lot of nicely gowned American girls who complained bitterly that their efforts had not paid. Royalty was the only element in the audience that had to wear good clothes, and it looked

very soft and uncomfortable, and much more at ease later on when of duty, as we discovered, and been vigorously putting most beef into its mouth with its knife. As the waits are thirty minutes and one hour long, emotion retires during these intervals in favor of hunger. Hunger is also administered to by Frau Wagner, and upon terms which keep the body in suggestion to the mind.

The theatre is perched on top of a hill some distance from the town, and as the builders of the temple appear to have run short of material before constructing lounging rooms where the interminable waits may be passed, there is a wild rush for Frau Wagner's beer and "butter-bud" establishment, one hundred feet distant, as soon as the curtain descends. Those who fail to get in, remain in the theatre corridor and endeavor to cultivate a beautiful frame of mind on empty stomachs, which is hard to do, especially when it rains. During such intervals they buy programmes, which are also sold for about ten cents a piece. Plinius's advice, "thrift! thrift!" is nevermore forgotten. Five minutes before the performance recommences buglers come forth and send their warning notes across the way to the refreshment hall. Then the rapidity with which places are secured, hats banished, and absolute silence secured is most marvelous. It was hard to believe that this perfect order is maintained by the common effect of a miscellaneous audience.

The particular drama which I am discussing was a representation of "Parsifal." This work is sung in its entirety only at Bayreuth, and not every year there. It was produced for the first time in 1882. Fortunately I had not read the libretto before hearing the music—wonderful, soul-moving, uplifting music, beyond the power of pen to describe. The audience sat in solemn stillness through it all, from 8 o'clock, applauding rarely, and then only at points suggested or conspicuously posted placards, at fitting moments for applause. I made a copy of the language of these placards, printed in English, German and French for the edification of other Philistines.

"As many complaints have been made," so runs the placard, "that a part of the audience attempts by hissing to prevent the applause after the acts of 'Parsifal,' the committee thinks it advisable to publish the wishes of the Master himself in this respect. * * * The quiet finish of the first act precludes any applause, but the Master himself wished that after the second and third acts the audience might express their thank to the artists by applause. The opening of the curtain at the end has been arranged by the Master's desire, and it will therefore be continued."

One must acquire a special vocabulary to mingle successfully with the awe-stricken worshippers who frequent Bayreuth. The identity of Richard Wagner is concealed in the word "Master." Everything, even the ticket combination of the season, is arranged in "cycles." You must be able to speak knowingly of the "ring," and talk about "grails" as familiarly as though they were tin cups.

"Parsifal" was intended by Wagner as "a solemn work destined to follow the stage." The composer was a modest man and could say such things artlessly. The drama's action centers about the holy Grail, a vessel in which Joseph of Arimathea caught a few drops of blood from the dying Redeemer's side, after it had served as a chalice during the Last Supper. According to the drama the keeping of the holy Grail is confided to one Amfortas, together with the sacred lance which pierced the Savior's side. He is advised that none can resist him so long as he wields the lance and continues pure. Amfortas is surrounded by Knights of the Grail, who derive substantial benefit from the arrangement of obtaining "celestial viands" without cost, and also the privilege of recovering as if by magic from every wound. Kingsoth, the magician, attempts to join the order, but is blackballed, and in his jealous anger beguiles many knights searching the Holy Grail with a view to entering the order. Amfortas decides to destroy Kingsoth, but no sooner does he enter the magician's garden than a host of "fervid maidens" bewitch him to such an extent that Kingsoth approaches, seizes the miraculous lance, and with it wounds the rightful owner. The wound refuses to heal, and it becomes known that the pure Amfortas endures can only be styled by a "careless fool." The "careless fool" appears to the person of the youth Parsifal, who, by an amazing succession of events, seizes the sacred lance, destroys the bad magician Kingsoth, cures the wound of Amfortas with the sacred lance, and by the magic effects of a cure. The peace and happiness then reign among the Knights of the Holy Grail. And there are scolders who declare that beyond the music the whole thing is intellectual baby food of the worst description.

The months of preparation given to the Bayreuth operas, naturally, tell. Their perfect finish makes them models for the world. With great artists to sing and audiences of cultured music-loving people to hear, it is not surprising that remarkable effects are sought and achieved. It is well worth while to visit Bayreuth. It is something one wants to do exactly as one wishes to see Niagara Falls or the Washington monument.

J. D. Bridges, Editor "Democrat," Lancaster, N. H., says, "One Minute Cough Cure is the best remedy for croup I ever used." Immediately relieves and cures coughs, colds, croup, asthma, pneumonia, bronchitis, grippe and all throat and lung troubles. It prevents consumption. Rider & Snyder and Chas. W. Cupples.

THE INDEPENDENT.

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY.

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30 N. Erie Street, — MASSILLON, O.WEEKLY FOUNDED IN '863
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887.
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MONDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1899

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
GEORGE K. NASH,
of Stark county.

For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN A. CALDWELL,
of Hamilton county.

For Auditor,
W. D. GILBERT,
of Noble county.

For Treasurer,
I. B. CAMERON,
of Columbiana county.

For Attorney General,
JAMES M. SHEETS,
of Putnam county.

For Judge of Supreme Court,
W. Z. DAVIS,
of Marion county.

For Member Board of Public Works,
FRANK HUFFMAN,
of Allen county.

For State Senator,
GEORGE W. WILHELM.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET

For Common Pleas Judge,
WARREN W. HOLE.

For Representative,
JACOB B. SNYDER,
ROBERT A. POLLOCK,
CLARK W. METZGER.

For Probate Judge,
MAURICE E. AUGST.

For Prosecuting Attorney,
ROBERT H. DAY.

For Treasurer,
W. HARVEY SMITH.

For Sheriff,
JOHN J. ZAISER.

For County Commissioner,
JOSEPH B. SUMMER.

For Infirmary Director,
ANDREW REESE.

The voters of Stark county, of all parties, know that with T. Harvey Smith in the treasurer's office there is no possibility of a Fessler-Sullivan-Maudrus scandal. His election is conceded from one end of the county to the other, and his majority will probably be the largest ever given a candidate for a Stark county office.

The Pittsburg Times sends red hot shot into the camp of the Democratic party in Ohio by calling attention to the methods used by Democratic politicians to advance the interests of the party. "The Republican ticket in its personnel," says the Times, "compares most favorably with that of the Democracy. This is so much the case that the Democratic press and orators have sought to avoid a comparison by concentrating their attacks upon individuals who are not candidates for office this year, but whose records are infinitely superior to those of the Democratic candidates."

That Sheriff Zaiser will succeed himself is considered a foregone conclusion by those who have met the voters of the county. For some time the opponents of Mr. Zaiser were energetically circulating a story to the effect that the county jail was in a deplorable condition, an utterly unfit place in which to keep prisoners, and held the sheriff responsible for this condition. The report of the last grand jury has taken all the wind out of their sails, however, the said report stating that the jail is kept in proper shape, and the only recommendation made was in regard to the light and ventilation of the institution, a matter wholly in the hands of the county commissioners. A vote for John J. Zaiser for sheriff means the retention of an officer who has proved himself competent and zealous in the discharge of his duties.

County Commissioner Summer deserves re-election at the hands of the taxpayers of Stark county if for no other reason than his determined fight against the foolish and extravagant expenditure of money on the county workhouse. Commissioner Summer plainly tells the voters that they need not vote for him if they want Superintendent "Jack" Pontius to control the commissioner's office. He is bitterly opposed to the county receiving prisoners from other counties at a rate of twenty-two cents per day—less than half the amount charged by similar institutions in this state. He is emphatic in his denunciation of the employment of convict labor in the production of articles which come in competition with those made by paid labor, and declares that notwithstanding the claims of interested persons that the institution is self-sustaining, large sums are constantly being drawn from the county treasury to maintain it.

Both Congressman Taylor and Robert Nevin are strong political orators, and their clever abilities in expiating national and state issues were well demonstrated at the Armory on Friday evening. Mr. Taylor is one of those poli-

tical leaders who have acquired national renown, his speeches appealing to the reason, sense and judgment of his hearers. Mr. Nevin discussed the affairs of Ohio and those of the McKinley administration in a way which could not fail to find favor with a critical audience. Last night's meeting also demonstrated a fact which has been for some time evident, namely, that Robert H. Day, Republican candidate for prosecuting attorney, has acquired a degree of popularity with the rank and file of Stark county Republicans which will secure his election on November 7.

The Hon. John K. Kasson, special commissioner plenipotentiary of treaties of reciprocity of the United States, made a vigorous comment on expansion at the Wednesday session of the International Commercial Congress. Mr. Kasson spoke of the ending of the recent war, the payment made to Spain for the Philippines, saying that the last expansion was the most important that the country had ever made. The anti-expansionist theories about violating the principles of the declaration of independence, he said, were ridiculous, and continued:

"If we are violating that declaration, then Jefferson, who wrote it, and Madison and Monroe and Quincy Adams, who are supposed to have understood it at least as well as these anti-leaguers, also violated it. For Jefferson, Madison and Monroe were all combined in making the treaty with France by which we acquired and administered Louisiana, without the consent of its inhabitants, and Monroe and Adams repeated it in the case of Florida."

The success of Senator Hanna on his two speaking trips through several counties of Ohio has been widely and favorably commented upon. According to reports of his speeches, Senator Hanna has not hesitated to speak plainly concerning Bryan and McLean. He has spoken of Bryan as "an arch and unmitigated demagogue," and his references to McLean have been in effect that he is hand in glove with Bryan in his efforts to hoodwink and bamboozle the voters of Ohio for no other reason than to subvert the political ambitions of the chronic presidential candidate and the Washington boss. Senator Hanna is not afraid to say what he thinks. He cares nothing for the criticisms of the enemies of Republicanism, and the enthusiasm which has been shown by his Ohio audiences is an evidence that his manner of telling plain truths is appreciated and relished.

The hysterical Clevelanders who charged General Otis with not providing for some discharged soldiers who recently returned to Cleveland from the Philippines, complaining that they had been discharged in Manila and then compelled to pay their fare from San Francisco to their homes, are doubtless satisfied now that they know the real facts in the case. The names of the complaining men were furnished to the Secretary of war and he directed an investigation. From the records of the war department a statement has been prepared of each man's case. It shows that their term of enlistment having expired they were discharged in Manila and at their own request received the money due them. The smallest sum paid any one man was \$188, while others received as much as \$500. The government supplied them free of charge with transportation from Manila to San Francisco and also furnished them with their regular rations. Their only necessary expense was from San Francisco to their homes, an average of about \$40. It is said at the war department that if the men reached their homes penniless it was because they spent all their money either in Manila or some port in Japan, but that there was no necessity for any expenditure.

THE INDEPENDENT's championship of the Hon. James Allen Rice, of Canton, in his hopeless though determined fight for the Democratic nomination for governor of Ohio, appears to have been justified, if the following bit of unwritten history concerning the Zanesville convention turns out to have been founded upon facts. According to E. K. Rife's political notes in the Ohio State Journal, McLean tried to capture Rice by promising him the nomination for the lieutenant governorship, with the agreement that he (McLean) would not serve more than a year of his term, if elected. The understanding was that if Rice would get into the McLean band wagon, he should soon succeed to the governorship, for in 1900 McLean was to be nominated for the presidency, defeating Colonel Bryan, and in case of his election, would retire in 1901 to accept the presidency— for, of course, he would be elected. But Rice refused to bite. He knew there was no earthly chance to defeat McKinley in the election next year, so he stayed in the fight for the governorship in good faith (and he stood alone on that proposition), and did his best to get the nomination.

FIGURES THAT COUNT.

Voters of Stark county and Ohio generally who are being misled by the glittering generalities offered by the Democratic party by way of campaign arguments will do well to examine a few figures obtained from reliable sources, showing the practical results of Republican management as opposed to the Democratic hard times which existed for four years previous to 1896. Even the chronic calamity howler can be

silenced by statistics. A careful and thorough inquiry into the industrial condition of 255 factories, mills and workshops in the cities of Dayton, Hamilton, Middletown, Piqua, Springfield, Cleveland, Toledo and Lima, reveals the following facts:

MEN EMPLOYED.
In 1896 50,475
In 1899 84,580
Increase, 34,105.

MONTHLY WAGES PAID.
In 1896 \$2,414,651
In 1899 4,263,491
Increase, \$1,848,840.

These figures indicate that increased wages to the amount of at least \$3,500,000 per month are being paid to employees in the mills and factories of Ohio, compared with 1896. During the closing days of the Ohio campaign facts such as these merit the serious consideration of every voter who has allowed himself to be brought to a condition of doubt and uncertainty regarding the relative merits of the Republican, Democratic or Independent candidates. A vote for Jones or McLean means a disinclination for the continuance of existing and increasing prosperity. A vote for Judge Nash and other Republican nominees means that common sense is superior to boddism and anarchy.

HOW THE TRUST GOT ITS NAME.

The name trust, which is popularly applied to all these large aggregations of capital, was somewhat accidental in its origin. It has, however, an appropriateness which few persons realize. The managers of every consolidated enterprise, whether based on a contract, a trust agreement, or an actual consolidation, are exercising powers to benefit or injure the public which are analogous to those of a trustee. It has been said that all property is, in its wider sense, a trust in behalf of the consumer. But where competition is active, the power of using your business methods to impose high prices is so far limited that the chance for abuse of this trust is greatly lessened.

It is only in the case of large combinations, with their discretionary power for good or evil, that the character of the trust reposed by society in the directors of its business enterprise makes itself really and truly felt. With these trusts, as with every other trust that deserves the name, it is hard to provide legislative machinery which will absolutely secure its fulfillment. The ability to handle any trust is the result of a long process of legal and moral education. We cannot make a law that allows the right exercise of a discretionary power and prohibits its wrong exercise. But it is possible to modify the existing law in a great many directions, which will hasten instead of retard the educational process. Thus far most of our statutory regulations have been in the wrong direction. We have attempted to prohibit the inevitable, and have simply favored the use of underhanded and shortsighted methods of doing things which must be done openly if they are to be done well.—From "The Formation and Control of Trusts," by President Hadley, of Yale university, in the November Scribner's.

CURFEW ORDINANCE.

How the Law Operates in Canton and Osnauburg.

Now that Peter Smith's eight hour law is off the hands of the city council, the much mooted curfew question is likely to consume the attention of that august body for many meetings to come. How various are the opinions of those who are vested with councilmanic honors on the question, has been stated long ago in THE INDEPENDENT. How they will vote, now that they have come face to face with the question, is of interest to every Massillonian.

Canton has a curfew ordinance which has been in force for the past three months, and Mayor Robertson tells an INDEPENDENT representative that the ordinance is an unqualified success. Up to this time no arrests have been made under the provision of the act. The ordinance provides that all children under sixteen years of age, unless accompanied by parent or guardian, or in the exercise of errands on which they have been dispatched by the latter, must keep off the streets after 9 o'clock during the summer months, and 8 o'clock during the winter months. On the third repetition of the offense, after having been previously warned, parents of the loiterers are liable to fine. "It places the children," said Mayor Robertson, "just where we want them. They are no longer beyond our control. It applies to the good and bad alike, and pranks after nightfall are becoming less frequent." The ordinance will no doubt receive the severest test of its practicability on Halloween night.

Osnauburg also has a curfew ordinance, and has had it for years. Among its ardent supporters none is more enthusiastic in its praise than J. A. Bliss, mayor of the municipality. "The time provision is the most peculiar feature of our ordinance," said he. "It provides that all children must be off the streets an hour after sundown, and when that hour is nearly passed you'll see a lively scamper. It's done the village worlds of good. A comparison shows a remarkable change for the better in school work. The conduct of pupils in the schools is also 50 per cent. better. In my opinion, half of the pranks played by school children are planned on some street corner the evening before. The curfew has broken up all these gatherings, and the pupils, confined to their homes, take to their books, with the above mentioned excellent result."

Geo. Noland, Rockland, O., says, "My wife had piles forty years. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured her. It is the best salve in America." It heals everything and cures all skin diseases. Rider & Snyder and C. W. Cupples.

THE VISAYAN FALSE.

Santiago Had Organized a Revolt at Iloilo.

HE WAS PLACED UNDER ARREST.

One of His Steamers Captured Carrying Supplies to the Rebels—Otis Refused to Confer With Rebels—Lawton's Advance North.

MANILA, Oct. 28.—M. Ruperto Santiago, one of the wealthiest Visayans who had taken the oath of allegiance to the United States, and who posed as a friend of Americans, was arrested at Iloilo, while other Visayans were being watched. The prisoner was charged with organizing a revolutionary junta. Santiago owned sugar estates throughout the island of Negros.

It was asserted that a council of ten and the manager of the junta met daily at Santiago's office for the purpose of engineering an extensive scheme of collections for an insurrection. One of Santiago's steamers was captured carrying supplies to the rebels. His arrest caused rumors of an outbreak of the natives of Iloilo, and precautions were taken to prevent trouble.

A battalion of the Eighteenth regiment and the marines of the gunboat Concord formed an expedition at Compo, Northern Palay, which was searching for the Concord's coxswain, who was lured ashore by a white flag and who was supposed to be a prisoner. They found the place deserted and burned every house as a punishment.

Washington, Oct. 28.—The war department received the following messages from General Otis:

MANILA, Oct. 27.
Adjutant General, Washington.

Insurgent government submitted application to send five commissioners to Manila to arrange difficulties attending release of Spanish sick prisoners and discuss peace conditions. Declined. No negotiations necessary, as we would gladly receive all Spanish prisoners at our lines, welcome them from their cruel captivity and labor for their welfare. Correspondence by mail.

MANILA, Oct. 27.—Lawton's advance under Young, north San Isidro, near Cabanatuan. Established permanent station. Three months' supplies being forwarded by San Juan river route. Lawton meets a little resistance.

Twenty-sixth volunteers and battalion Nineteenth infantry sent to Iloilo. Transport Tacoma, headquarters, seven companies, twenty-seventh volunteers, arrived. Casualties, Corporal Henderson, Company C, washed overboard. Two men deserted and seven left sick at Honolulu, of whom Corporal Hunter, G, dead. No other casualties. Command in good health.

Transport Sheridan, thirty-third volunteers and recruits, arrived. Good condition. One casualty, Private Hulan, Company K, died enroute.

HOT FIGHT WITH REBELS.

Young's Column Encountered Filipinos Strongly Entrenched and Repulsed Them—Two Americans Killed.

MANILA, Oct. 28.—(10 a. m.)—General Young's column, which left San Isidro yesterday morning at daybreak, moving northward in the direction of Santa Rosa, encountered the enemy strongly entrenched just beyond the Tuba river.

A brisk fight ensued and the rebels were repulsed. Two Americans were killed and one wounded. Pursuit was impossible on account of the width and depth of the stream.

SWINDLERS GOT \$45,000.

A Washington (Pa.) Bank Hard Touched. Arrests Made in New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—A young man was arrested here on a warrant charging him with forgery. This warrant was issued by Magistrate D. M. Donehue of Washington, Pa. It charged William F. Ellis, C. B. Orris and T. J. Vandergrieth with the larceny of \$45,000 from the First National bank of Washington, Pa., on Oct. 5 last. Ellis and his confederates are charged with having obtained \$40,000 on two notes and \$5,000 on another note dated Sept. 21, and signed by E. L. Purker & Co., a banking firm of Baltimore.

It was claimed that the signatures to the notes were forged. It was claimed that the man arrested is the Ellis named in the warrant. He was said to be well known in society in Baltimore, Washington and New York. Ellis in court positively denied the charge. He was held for examination without bail until next Monday.

BUILD UP MERCHANT MARINE.

Secretary Long Gives His Reasons For Favoring It.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 28.—Secretary of the Navy Long in a letter to a local paper said he was heartily in favor of the upbuilding of the merchant marine and presented three reasons for favoring the same, as follows:

First—By reason of the financial return which would follow from carrying our constantly increasing exports.

Second—From the increased business it would give our shipyards; and,

Third—Because it would furnish a reserve of seamen upon which the navy could draw in case of war.

Schiel Fought British Before.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—The Cape Town correspondent of The Daily Telegraph said he learns that Colonel Schiel, the wounded and captured commander of the German contingent of the Boer forces, was the same individual who acted as Cetewayo's military adviser in the Zulu war, and who, after the battle of Ulundi, offered £1,000 as a reward for the capture of the fugitive chief.

Captain Held Responsible.

QUEBEC, Oct. 28.—The court of inquiry in the Scotsman disaster holds Captain Skrimshire responsible and suspended him for nine months.

BRISK TRADE HOLDS UP.

Industries Still Supported by Greatest Volume of Business Ever Known. Heavy Transaction in Rails.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade issued today said in part:

Fears and not facts made a war in South Africa seem a menace to prosperity here and a week of conflict has cleared away the fear. British markets for securities have been helped by the belief that mining shares would be worth more with no Boer control in mining regions, and large purchases here of ammunition, packed meats and other army food have swelled the balance due this country. Money markets have grown less embarrassing, stocks have gradually advanced, industries are still supported by a volume of demand for which no precedent can be found, and payments through the principal clearing houses for the past week have been 36.6 per cent. larger than last year and 37.3 per cent. larger than in 1892. So great an increase shows the net result of many and potent forces making for public prosperity.

The heaviest transactions in steel rails ever made so early, cover 1,500,000 tons for next year's delivery, or two-thirds of the entire annual capacity of the works. The Pennsylvania is said to have taken 105,000 tons at \$33, but all the leading railroads made large purchases, and the price was then advanced to \$35 per ton, the same works having been delivering during the past year at \$18 to \$19. Great contracts for material follow, one concern having bought 100,000 tons Bessemer pig at Pittsburgh, for \$23, while \$21.50 is paid for early deliveries, and 30,000 tons billets were sold to one concern there and 30,000 tons at Wheeling, \$38.50 being quoted, with slabs at \$39.50 and sheet bars at \$36. Such transactions only show the general belief that high prices will run far into next year. For structural work, many orders appear, including some of consequence for the east and for Cuba, and in bars the car and implement demand makes the Chicago market very strong, but at Pittsburgh works anxiety for future contracts has depressed the price to 2.15 cents, and in plates some works have nearly caught up with contracts and are accepting 2.75 cents. Sheets are also weaker, 3.05 being quoted at Pittsburgh, as the proposed combinations seems to have failed.

Coke holds strong, shortness of cars hindering deliveries, though more orders than ever before are producing.

Buying of wool has been heavy at Boston, 10,071,200 pounds for the week, and at the three chief markets, 13,579,337 pounds, making 42,928,289 pounds in four weeks, against 36,394,090 pounds in 1897, when the last great speculation was on foot. Many mills are now buying which have recently started after long idleness, besides the American Woolen company, with others, which have bought largely before, while foreign quotations and some British buying of Australian and South African wool stimulate the market, though prices are not notably higher. The demand for goods improves, and a great season is confidently expected.

Wheat remains practically unchanged, while Atlantic exports, flour included, have been 12,982,841 bushels in four weeks, against 13,483,056 last year, and Pacific exports 2,197,771 bushels, against 3,124,306 last year. Western receipts fall short and in four weeks have been only 30,022,053 bushels, against 40,150,699 last year. Without concert there is probably some waiting for better prices by farmers. Corn exports continue to show the magnitude of foreign demand for breadstuffs, reaching 14,478,719 bushels, against 8,546,972 last year, and the demand has been large enough to advance the price 1 1/2 cents.

Failures for the week have been 190 in the United States, against 226 last year, and 23 in Canada, against 24 last year.

Injured In a Collision.

DETROIT, Oct. 28.—Of the score of passengers in the Mt. Clemens suburban car who were injured in the collision at the Belt line crossing, the condition of but two is considered dangerous. John Niederhanser, who was injured internally, rested easily. Louis Kreis, who is suffering broken ribs and injured kidneys, is almost certain to recover.

Enroute to Manila With Nurses.

PORT SAID, Oct. 28.—The United States transport Missouri, with a large quantity of medical supplies and a number of nurses, arrived here enroute to Manila.

READ! MARK! LEARN!

Some Pertinent Questions That Can Be Answered With One Reply.

Why is it that Massillon, with its suburbs, with a combined population of 11,000 there is only one medicinal preparation which gives statements from real doctors to back up its representations? Why is it that Doan's Kidney Pills & this in Massillon as well as every other city and town of any importance in the Union? Why is it that there are advertised in every newspaper a dozen remedies and only one can supply local proof local indorsement of its claims? The solution of the problem is simple! Only one remedy has the curing and the staying power. Other remedies make all kinds of gigantic yet futile efforts to produce a statement or two from places that as far as Massillon is concerned might as well be in the moon. Here is Massillon proof which backs up the merits of Doan's Kidney Pills: Mr. Emanuel Swier, of No. 35 Richville avenue, tested in Russell & Co.'s engine works, says "Before I undertook this work, before the present system of supplying power was put in, I overtaxed my back and developed into genuine disease of the kidneys. It got the best of me a little at the time, but sure and soon I had a first class case of kidney disease; backache very bad, and nearly all the time twinges of pain in the kidneys; rheumatism aches most of the time bothered me right along, in spite of all the medicines I took. Some one would say to me, take this, another, take that. I took everything that came along and got worse. I have said to my wife a number of times I believe I am not for this world much longer and if it had not been for Doan's Kidney Pills I would have had my prophecy fulfilled. I took two boxes of them getting them at Baltz's drug store in the Opera Building. They have been the cause of my improved condition. I am alright now and I am gaining in weight. I will permit you to use my recommendation willingly."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name DOAN'S and take no substitute.

Dr. W. Wixon, Italy Hill, N. Y., says, "I heartily recommend One Minute Cough Cure. It gave my wife immediate relief in suffocating asthma." Pleasant to take. Never fails to quickly cure all colds, coughs, throat and lung troubles. Rider & Snyder and C. W. Cupples.

Hundreds of lives saved every year by having Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil in the house just when it is needed. Cures croup, heals burns, cuts, wounds of every sort.

You never know what form of blood poison will follow constipation. Keep the liver clean by using Dr. Witt's Little Early Risers and you will avoid trouble. They are famous little pills for constipation and liver and bowel trouble. Rider & Snyder and Chas. W. Cupples.

It Saved Her Life.

Miss MAMIE SMITH, Middlesboro, Ky., writes: My little sister had the croup very bad. I gave her several doses of Foley's Honey and Tar and she was instantly relieved. It saved her life. Rider & Snyder.

Energy all gone? Headache? Stomach out of order? Simply a case of torpid liver. Burdock Blood Bitters will make a new man or woman of you.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion. Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

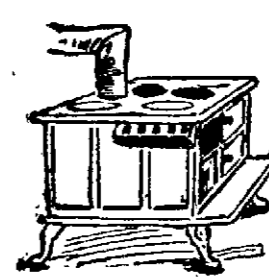
Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main Street. Chas. W. Cupples, 139, W. Tremont Street.

Natural Gas Ranges!

do away entirely with the
Dirt, Labor and Inconvenience of Coal.

We have a complete line of
Ideal Ranges,
ALSO,
Detroit Jewel
AND
New Process,
on which we are quoting very
close prices.

W. H. ALLMAN.



FRANCE IS NEUTRAL.

No Ground to Bother England at Present.

KAISER TO REACH ENGLAND NOV. 20.

Official Statement Issued at Paris Denying Intended Franco-Russian Intervention—Many Boers Killed at Mafeking. Fighting About Kimberley.

PARIS, Oct. 28.—An authoritative statement was issued formally denying the rumors of intended Franco-Russian intervention in the Transvaal war and declaring that France has no ground and no desire for any such intervention at present and that Russia is most likely placed in the same position, adding that Germany is the only power directly concerned in the matter.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—The Berlin correspondent of The Daily Mail said:

"All the arrangements have been completed for Emperor William's visit to the queen. His majesty will arrive in England on Nov. 20 and remain at Windsor castle five days, after which he will go to Sandringham for a two day's visit to the Prince of Wales."

LONDON, Oct. 28.—The magistrate at Vryburg is responsible for a report made to Premier Schreiner, at Cape Town, that 513 Boers were killed at Mafeking.

The government has made public the following telegram from Governor Hutchinson, dated Pietermaritzburg, Oct. 26:

"The following telegram has been received from Greytown, from D. Greig, a resident of Dundee, formerly in the telegraph service: 'I left Dundee this morning. General Symons died on Monday at 5 p. m. and was buried the following morning, close to the English church, by the Rev. W. Daily. There was a firing party and a few medical officers and a few civilians attended the funeral. There were no Boers. Colonel Eckert, Majors Boulbee, Hammersley and Nugent, and also Crum, Johnstone and Ryan are improving. The Boers occupied Dundee Monday afternoon.'"

A special dispatch from Cape Town gave details of the defeat of 700 Boers by the British at Siverton, north of Kimberley, Wednesday, in which the enemy was completely routed with heavy loss, the British loss being three men killed and 20 men, including two officers, wounded. This is probably the same fight, though a different date is given, as referred to in the Cape Town dispatch of Thursday, in which it was said official reports from Kimberley Tuesday announced that Colonel Scott-Turner, with 270 men, had an engagement with the Boers, during which a detachment of 150 men of the Lancashire regiment distinguished itself and the armored trains did good service. The Boers were unable to withstand the splendid charge of the Lancashires, who cleared the hill occupied by the enemy at the point of the bayonet. The Boer losses are described as very heavy. Colonel Scott-Turner's force consisted of the local volunteers who, with the Lancashires, completed the rout of the Burgheers after Murray's artillery had driven them out of their entrenchments. Botha commanded the Boer force. He was killed. He was a famous fighter.

Before the sortie, Kimberley was apparently in high spirits, as a dispatch from there, dated Oct. 23, says everyone was cheerful there at that time and that a wedding was celebrated that day. The dispatch adds: "Great enthusiasm has been aroused here by the news of the British successes in Natal. Several farmers in the neighborhood of Kimberley have been noticed in the ranks of the Boers. A letter from Father Korke said 700 Boers, with 100 wagons, were laagered at Tanga. All the whites have left except the women, who sought refuge in the convent. The Boer commandant has promised to protect them."

The news from the northern border indicates that the Boers are actively trying to prevent Colonel Plumer from relieving Mafeking, hence the absence of news since Pretoria announced the bombardment of the place created considerable alarm.

Belated dispatches from Tuli Fort partially elucidated the situation on the Rhodesian border. It appeared that Colonel Plumer ascertained that all the Zoutpansberg Boers, numbering 700 men, mustered under Piet Joubert, at the Brack river, and proceeded to Limpopo river, where they arrived Oct. 16, accompanied by a number of Shangan and Zoutpansberg Kaffirs, whom they had compelled to take up arms. The British thereupon captured three Kaffir chiefs who are now held as hostages for the good behavior of their tribes.

On Oct. 19 reconnoitering patrols proceeding along the north bank of the river in a westerly direction suddenly encountered a party of Boers in some dense bush on the Rhodesia side of the Limpopo. The patrol retired and the Boers fired, but in the confusion the Boers fired, but in the confusion the Boers fired, but in the confusion the Boers fired.

On Oct. 21 a strong Boer patrol was encountered at Rhodes' Drift in a thick bush. A sharp skirmish was the result. Two of the British were killed and two wounded. The Boers had seven men killed and many wounded. The Boers retired to a strong position on a kopje at Pont's Drift.

Major Pilsen, with an ambulance, proceeded to fetch the dead and wounded and, while placing the bodies on a cart, the Boers reopened fire, killing two horses, but in spite of the sharp shooting the British succeeded in carrying away their comrades.

The latest dispatch from Tuli, dated Oct. 24, says:

"A Boer patrol crossed the river ten miles above Rhodes' Drift twice recently, harrying native women and children. They shot cattle and looted." During the retreat of General Yule to Ladysmith there were many anxious moments Monday night when the British marched through Van Londeers pass, six miles long, to Biggarsberg. The troops got through the dangerous defile which 50 men could have easily held at 8 o'clock Tuesday morning.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 28.—According to further advices from Kimberley, the Boers removed their killed and wounded in carts. No reliable estimate of their

losses was made. Mr. Rhodes rode out and watched the fight.

The townspeople, including the women, no longer the trenches, watching eagerly for the return of the troops. Mr. Rhodes is cheerful and gives dinner parties daily, at which luxuries are abundant.

Heroic Action of Eight Boers.

DURBAN, Natal, Oct. 28.—An interesting incident in connection with the Elandsbaagte fight is reported here. When the fire of the British guns became too hot eight Boers ran forward out of cover and, standing together, coolly opened fire at the Imperial Light Horse with the evident purpose of drawing the latter's fire while their comrades retired. Seven out of the brave eight were killed.

Indignation at Dr. Hoffman.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 28.—Great indignation was caused by the announcement that Dr. Hoffman, a member of the Cape house of assembly, with a party of assistants, was going to the Transvaal to do ambulance work. It was suspected that he would give information to the enemy.

Symons Ordered the Retreat.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—The Daily Telegraph publishes a dispatch from Ladysmith, dated Tuesday, saying in part: "General Symons ordered his column to march back to Ladysmith and, under his instructions, himself and all the wounded were placed in the hospitals at Dundee."

Nullified Free State Proclamation.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 28.—Sir Alfred Milner, governor of Cape Colony, and W. P. Schreiner, the premier, issued a proclamation declaring null and void the proclamation of the Orange Free State, asserting that a portion of Cape Colony is now Free State territory.

Spies to Be Shot.

DURBAN, Natal, Oct. 28.—(Delayed in transmission)—Many spies have been arrested here and some of them will be shot.

M. E. FOREIGN MISSIONS.

Committee Appointed at Cleveland Convention to Raise \$200,000 Among Women.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 28.—There was a good attendance at the second day's session of the convention of the Women's Foreign Missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal church. The reference committee reported that 14 applicants had been appointed missionaries during the year and four of them sent to foreign fields. A committee was appointed to raise \$200,000 among women toward the twentieth century offering to be made by the Methodist churches for missionary work.

The report of the publication committee showed that the different publications of the society were accomplishing much good. A number of missionaries, home on sick leave, were introduced to the convention.

The foreign reports were read, after which Bishop Thoburn delivered a strong address upon the opportunities for missionary work that will soon be open in the Philippine islands.

In the afternoon addresses were made by Miss Louise Rothweiler and Miss Lulu Frey, missionaries to Korea.

COURT BLOCKED MONNETT.

Chief Justice Shauck Would Not Allow Him to Take Depositions of Watson and Jones.

COLUMBUS, Oct. 28.—Attorney General Monnett arranged to take the depositions of former Attorney General D. K. Watson and Editor DeWitt C. Jones in relation to the charges of alleged attempted bribery filed by him against the Standard Oil company, but the proceedings will be stopped by the supreme court. Mr. Monnett notified the Standard's attorney and had served Messrs. Watson and Jones with subpoenas. Before anything had been done, however, Mr. Monnett was notified by Acting Chief Justice Shauck of the supreme court that the depositions could not be taken.

Judge Shauck explained that the court had not ordered the inquiry and that until this was done depositions could not be taken. The court might decide at its discretion to appoint a master commissioner to take the depositions or to hear the testimony orally.

SAMPSON VISITED OLD HOME.

Given a Reception at Palmyra, N. Y., and Presented a Flag.

PALMYRA, N. Y., Oct. 28.—Rear Admiral W. T. Sampson came to Palmyra, the home of his boyhood, from Rochester. An official salute was fired from a battery on Prospect hill, while every locomotive and factory whistled joined in a noisy salute, which was augmented by the ringing of bells.

A procession was formed, which the admiral reviewed, after which he and his party, including Mrs. Sampson, were taken to the residence of Phiny T. Sexton, where luncheon was served. An informal reception followed to the intimate friends of the distinguished guest.

The exercises in the afternoon were held in the First Presbyterian church. Phiny T. Sexton, a schoolmate of Admiral Sampson, made an address of welcome.

After Admiral Sampson had responded, Mr. Sexton presented him with the flag which was flying over the capitol at Washington when congress adopted the resolution declaring for Cuban freedom, which was virtually the declaration of war against Spain.

PETTIGREW PRAISED AGUINALDO.

Called Him a Patriot and Hero in a Speech.

ABERDEEN, S. D., Oct. 28.—Reports from Senator Pettigrew's meeting at Woonsocket, credit him with having eulogized Aguinaldo as a patriot and hero. He never once referred to the achievements of the South Dakota regiment in Luzon or mentioned its homecoming. At the conclusion of this portion of his address, he said: "I am ashamed of my country; I would pull down the flag and go back and blot out recent history if I could."

DEATH OF GEN. HENRY.

Great Warrior Passed Away Peacefully.

TO BE BURIED AT ARLINGTON.

His Remains Will Rest Near Those of Sheridan, Crook and Ord—Interment to Be With Full Military Honors. Militia Escort From New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—Brigadier General Guy V. Henry, U. S. A., late military governor of Porto Rico, died at his home, 139 Madison avenue, of pneumonia, aged 60 years. He had been unconscious for several hours and his end was peaceful. At his bedside were all the members of his family except his son, Captain Guy V. Henry, Jr., who is in the Philippines.

When General Henry was taken ill about ten days ago Dr. Smith, a specialist in pulmonary troubles, was summoned and he later called in consultation two other physicians. The patient continued to sink Thursday and in the afternoon became unconscious. Oxygen was used Thursday night in the hope of carrying him through the crisis, but it was of no avail. His wife, his son Seton and his daughter, Mrs. Benton, were with him when he died. Lieutenant P. E. Frank of his staff was also at his bedside.

General Henry's remains will be taken from his home on Sunday and will be placed in a special car and the car attached to the Washington express, scheduled to leave at 12:55 p. m. Arriving in Washington, the body will be taken to St. John's church, where it will be in state, with a special military guard, until 11:30 o'clock Monday morning, at which hour the funeral services will be held. The interment will be made in the Arlington National cemetery.

The body will be escorted from the house to the ferry, in this city, by the national and state troops. Of the latter there will be the Seventh, Sixty-ninth and Seventy-first regiments.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—The death of General Henry was announced to the war department in a dispatch from Lieutenant Traub, aide-de-camp on the general's staff. The announcement was received with heartfelt expressions of regret from Secretary Root, Adjutant General Corbin and other high officials, as well as from the rank and file about the war department, for General Henry was a well-known figure here and universally esteemed.

The interment at Arlington will be with full military honors. The grave selected as the final resting place of the gallant soldier is on the slope at the east front of the Lee mansion, near the graves of Sheridan, Crook and Ord.

DISCUSSED OHIO OUTLOOK.

Part of the Time Spent by the Cabinet in Talking on the Coming Elections.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Fully an hour of the session of the cabinet was consumed in a discussion of the political outlook; especially in Ohio, some of the members having received advices from their friends engaged in the campaign conveying an accurate statement of existing conditions.

The Philippine discussion was brought about through newspaper publications of recent date purporting to outline the treaty or arrangement General Bates made with the sultan of the Sulu archipelago. Secretary Root took occasion to point out the unsoundness and unfairness, as he alleged, of the criticisms which have been cast upon the friends of that arrangement, especially where they relate to the question of slave-holding in the islands.

Stone Invited Schley.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Governor Stone of Pennsylvania and Representative Graham of Pennsylvania called upon the president and urged the appointment of J. Linwood Brown of Allegheny City to a place on the interstate commerce commission caused by the retirement of Commissioner Callahan. Later Governor Stone called upon Admiral Schley and invited him to come to Allegheny City upon the occasion of the reception and placing of a Spanish cannon captured at Santiago.

General Rivera Was Dismissed.

HAVANA, Oct. 28.—General Rius Rivera, former civil governor of the province of Havana, whose withdrawal from the governorship was cabled as a resignation, denied that he resigned. He says that he was dismissed and that he does not know upon what grounds the dismissal was ordered. Senor Domingo Mendez Capote, secretary of state in the advisory cabinet of Governor General Brooke, said it was for the sake of harmony.

Marine Officer Disappeared at Sea.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—News was received at the war department of the arrival of the hospital ship Relief at Manila. She reported the disappearance at sea, between Guam and Manila, of Lieutenant Robert D. Carmody, who went to Guam with the marine battalion on the Yosemite.

Watkins' Suspension Six Months.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—Captain George H. Starbuck, United States supervising inspector of steam vessels, has modified the order of the local board of inspectors in suspending the license of Captain Frederick H. Watkins, formerly of the American line steamship Paris, for two years, making the suspension six months.

Over 900 Boer Prisoners Arrived.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—A special dispatch from Pietermaritzburg, Natal, dated Oct. 25, said: "Nine hundred and eighty-eight Boer prisoners arrived here. They include Captains Dewitt, Hamer, Fighius, Dorey, Van Legger and Dotter."

Urged Holland to Mediate.

THE HAGUE, Oct. 28.—At the meeting of the committee of the second chamber on the foreign budget a resolution was adopted urging the government to offer to mediate between the Transvaal and Great Britain.

TODAY'S MARKETS.

Latest Reports From the Centers of Trade.

The following tables show the fluctuations of stock, as reported by T. E. Drake's exchange:

BANK STATEMENT.
Reserve increased.....\$ 1,597,850
Loans decreased.....\$ 4,799,000
Specie increased.....693,900
Legals decreased.....750,000
Deposits decreased.....6,740,200
Circulation increased.....88,000

NEW YORK.
Open-High-Low-Close
In.
American Sugar.....122 1/2 124 1/2 123 1/2 124 1/2
American Tobacco.....123 1/2 124 1/2 123 1/2 124 1/2
Atchafalca (Pfd.).....65 1/2 66 1/2 65 1/2 66 1/2
C. B. & Q.....123 1/2 124 1/2 123 1/2 124 1/2
Federal Steel.....54 1/2 55 1/2 54 1/2 55 1/2
General Electric.....121 1/2 122 1/2 121 1/2 122 1/2
U. S. Leather (Pfd.).....83 1/2 84 1/2 83 1/2 84 1/2
Manhattan.....112 1/2 113 1/2 112 1/2 113 1/2
Missouri Pacific.....48 1/2 49 1/2 48 1/2 49 1/2
Louisville & Nashville.....80 1/2 81 1/2 80 1/2 81 1/2
Southern Pacific (Pfd.).....73 1/2 74 1/2 73 1/2 74 1/2

CHICAGO.
Open-High-Low-Close
In.
Wheat.....70 1/2 71 1/2 70 1/2 71 1/2
Dec.....70 1/2 71 1/2 70 1/2 71 1/2
May.....70 1/2 71 1/2 70 1/2 71 1/2
Corn.....31 1/2 32 1/2 31 1/2 32 1/2
Dec.....31 1/2 32 1/2 31 1/2 32 1/2
May.....31 1/2 32 1/2 31 1/2 32 1/2
Oats.....23 1/2 24 1/2 23 1/2 24 1/2
Dec.....23 1/2 24 1/2 23 1/2 24 1/2
May.....23 1/2 24 1/2 23 1/2 24 1/2
Pork.....5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2
Dec.....5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2
Jan.....5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2
Lard.....5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2
Dec.....5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2
Jan.....5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2

CHICAGO, Oct. 28.—[By Associated Press]—Hogs strong. \$3.90 to \$4.42; cattle steady.

TOLEDO, Oct. 28.—[By Associated Press]—Wheat 70 1/2.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.

Wheat (old).....70
Hay, per ton.....\$ 8.00 to 9.00
Straw, per ton.....5.00
Corn.....35-37
Oats.....20-24
Clover Seed.....3.25-3.75
Timothy Seed.....1.00 to 1.10
Rye, per bu.....\$ 4.00
Barley.....50
Flax seed.....1.25
Wool.....15 to 18

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, (new) per bushel.....40
Beets, per bushel.....60
Apples.....35-45
Cabbage, per dozen.....35-40
Evaporated apples......08 to 10
Onions......65
White beans......1.25
Dried peaches, peeled......08 to 10
Dried peaches, unpeeled......04 to 05

BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY.

Butter.....18-20
Eggs.....15
Chickens, live, per pound......08
Chickens, dressed......10
Turkeys, live......08
Turkeys, dressed......14

MEATS AND CHEESE.

Sausage......06
Spare Ribs......05
Backbone......06
Ham......09
Shoulder......05
Lard......05 1/2
Sides......06 to 07
Cheese......11

The following are retail prices:

Bran, per 100 lbs.....85
Middlings per 100 lbs.....90

Drink Grain-O.

after you have concluded that you ought not to drink coffee. It is not a medicine, but doctors order it because it is healthful, invigorating and appetizing. It is made from pure grains and has that rich seal brown color and tastes like the finest grades of coffee, and costs about one-fourth as much. Children like it and thrive on it because it is a genuine food drink, containing nothing but nourishment. Ask your grocer for Grain-O, the new food drink. 15 and 25c.

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks and to some older ones. Easily cured. Doan's Ointment never fails. Instant relief, permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

"I Wouldn't Be Without DeWitt's"

Witch Hazel Salve for any consideration," writes Thos. B. Rhodes, Centerfield, O. Infalible for piles, cuts, burns and skin diseases. Beware of counterfeits. Rider & Snyder and Chas. W. Cupples.

It May Save Your Life.

A dose or two of Foley's Honey and Tar will prevent an attack of pneumonia, grip or severe cold if taken in time. Cures coughs, colds, croup, La Grippe, hoarseness, difficult breathing, whooping cough, incipient consumption, asthma or bronchitis. Gives positive relief in advanced stages of consumption, asthma or bronchitis. Guaranteed. Rider & Snyder.

"I had dyspepsia fifty-seven years and never found permanent relief till I used Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. Now I am well and feel like a new man," writes S. J. Fleming, Murray, Neb. It is the best digestant known. Cures all forms of indigestion. Physicians everywhere prescribe it. Rider & Snyder and Chas. W. Cupples.

NEW EXAMINATION EXAMINATION EXAMINATION

GUILTY OR NOT GUILTY

DISEASED MEN CURED

THOUSANDS of young men, middle aged men and old men can look back at their boyhood days or early manhood with a sigh of remorse. The ignorance of early youth, or later on a mispent life as "one of the boys" has sown the seeds for future suffering. SELF ABUSE is a terrible sin, against nature, and will bring a rich harvest. Blood and Private Diseases sap the very life and vitality of the victim. Our NEW METHOD TREATMENT will positively cure all the following diseases:

VARICOCELE, EMISSIONS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, SYPHILIS, STRICTURE, GLEET, SEMINAL WEAKNESS, PIMPLES, LOST MANHOOD, UNNATURAL DISCHARGES, KIDNEY AND BLADDER DISEASES.

ARE YOU? NERVOUS and dependent? weak or debilitated? tired more than you should be? Have you lost your memory? poor easily fatigued? Irritable? eyes sunken, red and blurred? pimples on face, throat and chest? less, listless looking? weak back, lame legs, and aches and pains? If so, you are suffering from a similar disease, active and trying. It has sapped the very life and vitality of energy and strength—WE CAN CURE YOU OR ASK NO PAY.

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY—CONFIDENTIAL

SNATCHED FROM THE GRAVE. A Warning from the Living. I was a doctor and nerve tonic by the name of Dr. J. P. Emerson. I became a nervous wreck. A friend told me of Dr. J. P. Emerson's treatment. I tried it and was cured. This was one year ago. I am now a strong and healthy man. —C. W. LEWIS, New York.

VARICOCELE CURED. "I have been suffering from this disease for many years. I tried many treatments but failed. I then tried Dr. J. P. Emerson's treatment and was cured. I am now a strong and healthy man. —C. W. LEWIS, New York.

EMISSIONS CURED. J. P. EMERSON writes: "I was a doctor and nerve tonic by the name of Dr. J. P. Emerson. I became a nervous wreck. A friend told me of Dr. J. P. Emerson's treatment. I tried it and was cured. This was one year ago. I am now a strong and healthy man. —C. W. LEWIS, New York.

SYPHILIS CURED. "This terrible disease was cured in six years. I was a doctor and nerve tonic by the name of Dr. J. P. Emerson. I became a nervous wreck. A friend told me of Dr. J. P. Emerson's treatment. I tried it and was cured. This was one year ago. I am now a strong and healthy man. —C. W. LEWIS, New York.

17 YEARS IN O.H.O. 200,000 CURED. NO RISK

READER! Are you a victim? Have you lost your health? Are you a nervous wreck? Our New Method Treatment will cure you. Wait! It has done for thousands of others. CONSULTATION FREE. No matter who you are, or how long you have been suffering from this disease, we will cure you. Charges reasonable. BOOKS FREE. (Illustrated) on Diseases of Man, Inclose postage, 2 cents. Sealed. NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT. PRIVATE. No medicines sent C. O. D. No names on boxes or envelopes. Everything confidential. Question list and cost of treatment FREE.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN, No. 143 EUCLID AV. CLEVELAND, O.

THE INDEPENDENT contains the cream of the Court News

Now is the time to subscribe.

THE STRAINERS

The KIDNEYS are the great "strainers" of the blood. It is their duty to excrete all the poisons from the system. If they fail to do this, good health is impossible.

Are you certain that disordered kidneys are not the real cause of your ill health, whatever the apparent cause may be?

The symptoms of kidney trouble are so numerous and so different, that oftentimes the best of physicians are deceived and make the mistake of treating the various symptoms, without affecting in the least the real root of the trouble. The stomach, liver and heart are often treated locally to repress disturbances which arise from disordered kidneys. An error of this kind may cost you your life.

Even with the stomach or other organs diseased, health may be retained if the kidneys will do their full duty in excreting the poisons in the blood.

Neglect of the overtaxed or complaining kidneys will produce acute or chronic Bright's disease, diabetes, nephritis, gravel, uraemia, dropsy, rheumatism and many other dreaded diseases. Most female complaints are the direct result of disorder in the kidneys. Thousands of persons are suffering from diseases due to kidney trouble who do not realize the cause or the danger of their ailments.

Foley's Kidney Cure is guaranteed to bring health to the kidneys. (And it is, so far as we know, the only unconditionally guaranteed remedy for kidney diseases.)

It is a scientific, vegetable medicine, without any harmful properties and while acting directly on the kidneys, it is designed to strengthen the stomach, improve all organic action, cleanse the blood and speedily build up the whole system.

SYMPTOMS: Backache, bad digestion, dry mouth, parched or swollen tongue, bad breath, headache, nervousness, voracious appetite, weakness, tired-out feeling, paleness or waxiness of complexion, wasting of flesh, dropsical tendency, aching pain over the hips or lumbar, swollen ankles, sediment or deposit in the urine, bloody or milky white or highly colored urine, frequent desire to pass urine, scanty urine, bad odor of perspiration, puffiness under the eyes, etc. One case does not produce all of these signs of disease. Any one symptom will indicate kidney or bladder disorder of some kind.

Foley's Kidney Cure is Guaranteed to remove the cause and the symptoms will disappear.

Mr. G. A. Stillson, a merchant of Tampico, Ill., writes: "Your Kidney Cure has cured some cases here that physicians pronounced incurable. I myself am able to testify to its merits. My face is today a living picture of health and your Kidney Cure has made it such. I had suffered twenty-seven years with the disease, and today I feel ten years younger than I did one year ago."

Ask your druggist about it today.

Rider & Snyder, Druggists.

A NEW IMPORTED LOT OF

Waste Paper Baskets

SOME VERY PRETTY ONES.

Bahney's Book Store, 20 E. Main St.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Interest Gathered by Our Representatives.

William Bergeen has returned from Warren.

Adam Harwick is a business visitor in Oberlin.

Miss Ida Phillips is the guest of Cleveland friends.

George Whitmarsh is ill at his home in Green street.

Mrs. Sherman Cochran is the guest of relatives at Pauls.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Schindler are the guests of relatives in Cleveland.

Captain Giger, of Company K, Eighth O. V. I. Alliance, has decided to resign.

Mrs. Catherine Rudy, of Jackson township, is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Rudy, in Park street.

J. A. Beatty, of Pittsburgh, has joined Mrs. Beatty, who is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Lee Graybill, in Wellman street.

A. D. Volkmar struck a vein of coal four and a half feet thick on his farm at Stillwater, Tuscarawas county, on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Heiman have returned from their wedding trip. Mrs. Heiman was formerly Miss Mary Stepan.

Burglars forced an entrance into the peanut stand conducted by Sarah Baker, in West Main street, Thursday evening. They secured fifty cents.

Mrs. Arthur Hammond, of Youngstown, had her finger torn off by her wedding ring catching on a nail while she was taking down some vines.

Mrs. Katherine Wyandt, C. C. Wolf and family and Mrs. C. P. Wyandt are visiting at Massillon and Navarre this week.—Wilmot Review.

The progressive euchre party at the Massillon club house will take place on Tuesday, October 31. A misunderstanding caused it to be announced for November 30.

Louis Haer and Miss Ella V. Fisher were married by the Rev. J. L. Digel, at St. John's parsonage at 7 o'clock Thursday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Haer will reside in Short East street.

Yardmaster Hall, of the C., L. & W., is off duty on account of the illness of Mrs. Hall. Joseph Graybill is performing his duties, while John Moylan has charge of Mr. Graybill's crew.

The horse which Officer Getz found in the streets, Friday morning, and took to Stansbury's stable, has been claimed by its owner, who left no name. The animal had strayed from a barn near Richville.

The Rev. David Probert, the oldest Welsh minister in Ohio, died at his home in Youngstown on Thursday. He was one of the founders of the Welsh Baptist church of that city, and for nearly fifty years had been its pastor.

The following dates have been fixed for holding farmers' institutes in this country during the coming winter: Alliance, December 1, 2, New Berlin January 1, 2, Navarre, January 17, 18; Marlboro, February 26, 27.

The fire fell as the last interurban car was coming down Yingling's hill, Friday evening. The glass windows in the vestibule were broken by the fall, and Motorman Miller was cut about the face by flying particles before he was able to stop the car.

The Ladies of the Eastern Star will give a Halloween social in the Masonic hall on Tuesday evening, October 31. All Masons and their families are cordially invited to attend. Refreshments will be served. Admission ten cents. By order of Mrs. Mabel Reed, W. M.

The Rev. John C. Ford and Mrs. Ford returned on Friday evening from Cincinnati, where they attended the Ohio Baptist convention. A particular feature of the convention was the raising of \$250,000 as an added endowment fund for the Baptist schools at Graceland, O.

Caroline Clark Quantrell, the aged mother of William Clark Quantrell, the noted guerrilla chieftain, who terrorized the Southwest during the Rebellion, and who was born and raised in Canal Dover, has entered the county poorhouse near that place to spend her declining years. She is about 82 years old.

Frank Bamberger lost one of the most valuable of his horses Friday evening. The animal was one of a team that was hauling a small load of lumber to the Mullets mine, north of the city, when without warning it suddenly reared and fell over dead. The cause of death is not known. Mr. Bamberger valued the horse at \$150.

Employees at the Panhandle shops at Dennison have been notified that until further notice they will have to work thirteen hours per day. For some time past they have been working thirteen hours every other day. This order was made necessary on account of the large amount of work on hand and the inability of the master mechanic to secure skilled workmen.

Notwithstanding the heavy advance recently in steel the Pennsylvania railroad has placed orders for 100,000 tons of new rails. They will be the standard weight and size adopted by the Pennsylvania and involve an expenditure of \$1,500,000, the price being \$15 per ton. The last previous large purchase was about 100,000 tons at \$15 per ton, the advance being \$14 per ton.

The mystery of the human foot found by a dog at Alliance has been solved. A man named Martin, living near the city, recently returned from a hunting trip in Montana, bringing with him a bear's foot, which he threw away a few days ago, and it is supposed the dog found it and carried it home. The resemblance to a human foot, in its decomposed condition, was so marked that even physicians who examined it felt sure that it had once belonged to a woman.

CANTON MEN SHOT.

Burglars Severely Wound Florist Zetler.

A HUNTING ACCIDENT.

A Dog Throws a Hunter Down and His Gun is Discharged, Seriously Injuring a Companion—Assignment of Cases for Next Week's Term of Court.

CANTON, Oct. 28.—John B. Zetler, who conducts a greenhouse, in Clarendon avenue, was shot in the right thigh by a would be burglar Friday evening. Zetler and a hired man, named Walster, were attending to some work in the greenhouse, leaving Mrs. Zetler alone in the house. The latter fancied she heard a sound like that of someone cutting a screen, and glancing out of the window saw a man in the act. She immediately communicated with her husband through a speaking tube. The latter with Mr. Walster coming about the corner of the house, demanded of the individual what he wanted. He replied that he and a comrade that was standing nearby, were looking for a night's lodging. Mr. Zetler said that he did not keep a lodging house, and that, moreover, he was not accustomed to have people apply in such a manner. At this the two strangers started to run, followed by Messrs. Zetler and Walster. The distance between the pursuers and pursued was lessening, when one of the latter turned about, and drawing a revolver fired four shots, one striking Mr. Zetler. The pursuit being given up, they easily escaped. The bullet has not yet been removed from Mr. Zetler's thigh.

Herbert Bush and two men named Foust started on a hunting trip this morning with a new dog, which they intended to give a trial. Arriving in a woods west of the city, the dog suddenly began to tug at his chain and, running about in a circle, managed to throw one of the Foust men to the ground. Mr. Foust's gun was discharged by the fall, the charge tearing away part of Bush's scalp and painfully injuring him.

CANTON, Oct. 28.—County Clerk Casselman has completed his assignment of cases for next week's sessions of the common pleas court, which is as follows:

ROOM NO. 1, HON. JUDGE McCARTY.

Monday forenoon, October 30, hearing motion docket; afternoon, Hoiles vs. Eastern Stark Co. Fair Co., et al.; Cherry Valley Iron Works vs. Bonnot Mfg. Co.; Alliance & Northern R. Co. vs. O. R. & L. E. R. Co.; Novelty Iron Co. vs. Obliger, et al.; Central Savings Bank Co. vs. Rubin, et al.

Tuesday, October 31.—Central Savings Bank Co. vs. Dougherty; Taylor vs. Alliance, et al.; Second Nat'l Bank, Akron, O., vs. Shafer, et al.; Miller vs. Spelman; Kauffman Adm. vs. N. C. Life Ins. Co.

Wednesday, November 1.—Mendlin vs. Gross's Adm'r.; Eichhold & Miller vs. Lehman, et al.; Charlier vs. Charlier, et al.; Gaskill vs. Clark, et al.; Chambers vs. City of Canton.

Thursday, November 2.—Reemsnyder vs. Aetna Life Ins. Co.; Ridgway Barton Co. vs. Hanley, et al.; Kurtz vs. Krider, et al.; Richardson vs. Farmers Mut. Prot. Ass'n.; Kennedy & Co. vs. Suttle.

Friday, November 3.—Massillon vs. Canton-Massillon E. Ry. Co. et al.; Briggie, Guardian, et al.; Bloomfield, et al.; Grant vs. Grant's Adm'r.; Haynam vs. Haynam; Frantz vs. Gulling Adm'r., etc.

ROOM NO. 2, HON. JUDGE TAYLOR.

Monday forenoon, Oct. 30, hearing motion docket; afternoon, Turner, assignee vs. Jones; Peoples Savings Bank Co. vs. Loichot, et al.; Miller vs. Spelman; Weaver vs. Walker Cook Co.; Scott vs. Mullins.

Tuesday, Oct. 31.—Farmers bank vs. Barriack, et al.; Ohio Ex. rel. Chisler vs. Youley; Shock, et al. vs. Canton; King, Guard, vs. Miller, et al.; Robson vs. Howells Mining Co.

Wednesday, Nov. 1.—Patton Exr. vs. Sardals, et ux, et al.; Ohio vs. Maudru, et al.; Labbe vs. Schario, et al.; Elbel vs. Stook, et ux. Tams vs. Thompson, et al.

Thursday, Nov. 2.—Lehner vs. Canton Pole and Shaft Co.; Martin vs. Sell et al.; Hemperly, trustee, vs. Castleman; Hoffmann vs. Myers; Zartman vs. Marchand.

Friday, Nov. 3.—Ashton's adm'r. vs. Cleveland Brick Co.; Brumbaugh vs. Martin Bros.; Diamond Portland Cement Co. vs. Bonnot Mfg. Co.; Feiler vs. Johnston; Melhuish vs. Vicary, assignee.

A Short, Sad Story.

A cold. Neglect. Pneumonia. Grief.

Had Foley's Honey and Tar been used this story would have had a happier ending. 25c and 50c. Rider & Snyder.

LaGrippe, with its after effects, annually destroys thousands of people. It may be quickly cured by One Minute Cough Cure, the only remedy that produces immediate results in coughs, bronchitis, pneumonia and throat and lung troubles. It will prevent consumption. Rider & Snyder and Chas. W. Cupples.

A Lima Man's Testimony.

I have obtained excellent results from the use of Foley's Kidney Cure. It relieved my backache and severe pain over the hips. It tried up my system and gave me new vim and energy. I regard it as an honest and reliable remedy for all kidney diseases. It makes no false claims, but does what it says it will, when given a fair trial. I certainly recommend it. Wm. Finn, 417 Elida road, Lima, O. Rider & Snyder.

NON-POLITICAL ORGANIZATION

News-Democrat Accused of Willful Misrepresentation.

CRYSTAL SPRING, Oct. 28.—The News-Democrat man at Massillon had the audacity to clip an article from Wednesday's edition of this paper which pertained to the organization of a non-political Farmer's Tammany hall, in Jackson township, and informed his paper at Canton that a big McLean club was formed that would almost elect John R., etc. The young man evidently misconstrued the meaning of the word non-political and called it Democratic. He did not know that over one half of the members, together with the president, vice president and secretary of the organization, are and always were sound Republicans. In conclusion we wish to state that the public at large does not want to be misinformed by a Filipino representative of the Lentz type, who in a recent speech said that if McKinley would come over to him he would make him the greatest president the world has ever seen.

John Rosche, a miner, engaged in drawing pillars at the Herbrook mine, was badly crushed by a fall of coal on Friday afternoon. The unfortunate young man was removed by fellow-workmen from under the pile of coal weighing several tons, and taken to his home. Dr. Dissinger was summoned and found that no bones were broken but that he had sustained internal injuries which will prevent his returning to work for a while.

PUBLIC SALE of Horses and Cattle.

The undersigned will sell at public auction on Saturday, November 4, 60 head of western horses and two car loads of cattle, consisting of Herefords and Shorthorn steers, at the old baseball grounds and Stark county fair grounds, Canton, O. For particulars address Shertzer & Fry, Canton, O. Doll and Hackett, of Jypson, Col.

Dewey Canceled Chicago Trip.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Admiral Dewey was obliged to cancel his proposed trip to Chicago on account of the coming meeting of the Philippine commission. He had accepted an invitation to be the guest of the city between Nov. 15 and 30.

Meeting of Protestant Bishops.

St. Louis, Oct. 28.—The house of bishops of the Protestant Episcopal church met again, behind closed doors, for the purpose of further considering the advisability of placing a bishop at Kyoto, Japan.

Wife Murderer Hung.

DALLAS, Oct. 28.—Rev. G. E. Morrison was hanged at Vernon, Tex., for wife murder. He met his death resignedly. On the scaffold he said that he had been indiscreet, but was innocent. It was charged that he was courting a woman in Kansas, who was rich, while his wife was living.

Discussed Pan-American Subjects.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 28.—The session of the International Commercial Congress, held in the assembly room of the Bourse, was devoted to the discussion of pan-American subjects.

Joubert Condolent With Lady Symons.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—A special dispatch from Cape Town said General Joubert, the Boer commander, sent a message of sympathy to Lady Symons, widow of General Symons.

The life of the business woman is not easy. Usually it is a monotonous routine of work, often aggravated by the ill temper or stupidity of others. And when the physical condition of the woman keeps her in constant suffering, it makes her lot a hard one.

So many women have found entire relief from the ills peculiarly feminine by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, that it seems almost criminal to neglect the opportunity of a complete cure offered by the use of this medicine.

You are invited to consult Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., either personally or by letter free of charge. If your case is severe or others have failed to reach it, do not hesitate to write to or go and see Dr. Pierce. Your letter will be read in private, its contents treated as a sacred confidence, and an answer promptly returned in a plain envelope bearing no printing upon it. Write without fear and without fee.

"I had been a great sufferer from female weakness for about two years," writes Mrs. Emma Reichenbach, of Cass Wayne Co., Ky. "I could not do my work part of the time. I took four bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and felt as well as I have before. I have also used Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for incision of the throat, with good results and half of one bottle cured my throat when I could scarcely swallow."

The permanent benefit to health from the timely use of Dr. Pierce's Pellets is testified to by thousands of women. They regulate the stomach, liver and bowels. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Give the Children a Drink called Grain-O. It is a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take in place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it. Cause when properly prepared it is like the finest coffee, but is free from all injurious properties. Grain-O aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant, but a health builder, and children, as well as adults, can drink it with great benefit. Costs about 2¢ as much as coffee. 15 and 25c.

You ought to know that when suffering from any kidney trouble that a safe, sure remedy is Foley's Kidney Cure. Guaranteed or money refunded. Rider & Snyder.

BRITISH TROOPS MOVE.

A Large Force Marching on Boer Position.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—[By Associated Press]—A Capetown dispatch says that General White has ordered out a large force of artillery, mounted infantry and cavalry, against a force of Boers on the Maakan road. The British force is now four miles from the Boers.

KILLING OFF BANDITS.

Two Bands Attacked by Americans in Negros.

MANILA, Oct. 28.—[By Associated Press]—Captain Simons of the Sixth infantry struck a village of Tulasanes bandits in Negros, and Captain Evans defeated another band, killing ten, wounding many and capturing twenty. No American losses.

INSURGENTS DRIVEN.

General Young's Command Fighting at San Rosa.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—[By Associated Press]—General Otis telegraphs that General Young struck the insurgents at Santa Rosa yesterday, driving them and capturing some of their property. American casualties, two killed and one wounded.

TO DEPOSE STEYN.

Rumors of Dissension in the Orange Free State.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—[By Associated Press]—Rumors of dissension at the capital of the Orange Free State has reached Capetown. It is proposed to depose President Steyn and install Mr. Frazer as president.

EXCELLENT RESULTS.

They Have Resulted in a Steady Gain of Popularity.

People Who Are Ever Ready to Recommend What Has Done Them Much Good.

The people of Ohio feel very grateful for the great benefit they have received from the use of Morrow's Kid-ne-oids, the great remedy for backache, dizziness, sleeplessness, nervousness and all diseases arising from the kidneys. Morrow's Kid-ne-oids cure where other remedies have failed and the people of this state have not been slow to find this out, and they add their testimony that their friends may know what to use and get cured.

Mrs. H. S. Williams, northeast corner of Third street, Mansfield, O., says: "I have been troubled with severe backache for some time, also with nervousness and spells of dizziness. I was advised to try Morrow's Kid-ne-oids. I took them according to directions and in a very short time I was greatly relieved of all my troubles. Will continue to take Morrow's Kid-ne-oids."

Morrow's Kid-ne-oids are not pills but Yellow Tablets and sell at fifty cents a box at all drug stores and at F. E. Seaman's drug store.

Mailed on receipt of price. Manufactured by John Morrow & Co. chemists Springfield, O.

Subscribe for THE INDEPENDENT

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

Notice is hereby given to the qualified electors of Stark County, Ohio, that they must vote at the place of holding elections in their respective Townships, Wards and Precincts, on Tuesday, November 7, 1899, then and there to elect by ballot according to the constitution and laws of Ohio, the following officers, District, County and Township Officers:

One Person for Governor of the State of Ohio.

One Person for Lieutenant Governor of the State of Ohio.

One Person for Auditor of State.

One Person for Treasurer of State.

One Person for Attorney General of State.

One Person for County Judge and Supreme Court.

One Person for Member Board of Public Works.

One Person for Common Pleas Judge Ninth Judicial District.

One Person for State Senator. (Twenty-first Senatorial District.)

Three Persons for Representative; General Assembly.

One Person for Probate Judge for Stark County.

One Person for Prosecuting Attorney Stark County.

One Person for County Treasurer.

One Person for Sheriff, Stark County.

One Person for County Commissioner.

One Person for County Indirectory Director.

The Following Persons for Land Appraisers:

City of Canton—One Person, First Ward, District No. One. One Person, Second and Third Wards, District No. Two. One Person, Fourth and Fifth Wards, District No. Three. One Person, Sixth and Seventh Wards, District No. Four.

City of Alliance—One Person, First and Second Wards, District No. One. One Person, Third and Fourth Wards, District No. Two.

City of Alliance—One Person, First, Fifth and Sixth Wards, District No. One.

One Person, Second, Third and Fourth Wards, District No. Two.

One Person for each of the Townships in Stark County, Ohio.

Given under my hand at the City of Canton, this Fifth Day of October, A. D. 1899.

JOHN J. ZAISER, Sheriff of Stark County, Ohio.

Sheriff's Sale.

THE STATE OF OHIO) ss. STARK COUNTY)

The First National Bank of Massillon)

Clement S. Dumbleton) ORDER OF SALE.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction, at the door of the Court House, in the city of Canton, on

Saturday, November 4, 1899,

the following described real estate to-wit:

Said premises are a part of lot, present number 37, in the city of Massillon, in Cedar street, and with that width extending back to the east line of an alley 14 1/2 feet long on its north side and 14 1/2 feet on its south side, with its north line parallel with and distant 50 feet south from the north line of said lot, with the right to the use of an alley 10 feet wide on the south side of said part of said lot, and another alley 10 feet wide on the west side extending northerly and southerly across said lot. The house number is 28 South Cedar street.

Appraised at \$1,500.

Terms, cash.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a. m. JOHN J. ZAISER, Sheriff.

Baldwin & Young, Attorneys.

His Nerves Wore Out

F. J. Lawrence, of 435 Fourth Ave., Detroit, Mich., exchange editor on the *Evening News*, says: "I never really broke down while at this work, but one time I was in such a condition that my physician said I would have nervous prostration. I was in a bad way, my nerves seemed to give out and I could not sleep. I lost flesh and had a complication of ailments which baffled skilful medical treatment.

"One of my associates recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and I gave them a trial. The pills gave me strength and helped my shattered nerves so that I could get a full night's rest. Soon after I began taking them regularly, the pain ceased, causing me to feel like a new man."

From the *Evening News*, Detroit, Mich.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after-effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are never sold by the dozen or hundred, but always in packages. At all druggists, or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., 50 cents per box, 6 boxes \$2.50.

INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS

Articles lost and found, houses to let or desired, help wanted, situations wanted, real estate bulletins and kindred announcements are made in the want columns of this paper. It is the only place where they can be seen by all who read the paper. Copy must be left not later than 10 a. m. to insure insertion the same day. Six publications of not more than 4 printed lines for 25 cents.

WANTED.

COOK—Cook wanted immediately at Wilcox House, 15 and 17 Canal street.

GIRL—A reliable girl for general housework in a small family. Call at No. 60 Prospect street.

MINERS—The Michigan Standard Coal Co., at Sebewaing, Mich., wants at once fifty men for entry and room work. Price for coal mining 80 cents per ton, and all other prices are as per agreement of Michigan operators and state union.

POSITION—Young man of 19, desires a position in any business house. Fair education and best references. Apply at this office.

FOR RENT.

HOUSE containing 5 rooms, No. 248 East Oak street; city and cistern water. Inquire of Dr. Barnes, 8 E. Main.

MUSIC HALL Possession Oct. 16, J. E. Dunn, over 50 S. Erie St.

TWO furnished rooms, 1 bedroom and a sitting room for two gentlemen and man and wife. Inquire at No. East Cherry, corner Erie.

MISCELLANEOUS.

KID Gloves cleaned, 5 cents per pair. Men's suits, overcoats and hats; ladies' gowns, silks, satins, dresses, ribbons and portiers, all cleaned by dry process; no shrinking, fading or ripping. Mrs. A. M. Grogan, 42 E. Main street. Phone 21.

MONEY.

MONEY TO LOAN—\$500 and upwards on household goods, horses, wagons, carriages, watches, diamonds, jewelry or any chattel security, and allow the goods to remain in your undisturbed possession; loans made same day you apply. Business strictly confidential. Miller & Miller, Room 2, Stone block, Erie St.

LOST.

BOOK—Four inches wide and six inches long, with red cover, marked ledger and indexed. Finder leave at Independent office.

BROACH—On Saturday, on Main, Canal, Tremont or Erie streets, a broach. Finder please return to Central Union Telephone office.

"A dose in time saves lives" Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup; nature's remedy for coughs, colds, pulmonary diseases of every sort.

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